DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

NEWS DISPATCHES FROM THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

VOLUME 9. MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, OCT. 19, 1918 NO. 119

A COMMITTEE VISIT

SEVENTY-FIVE CITIZENS CALL ON THE WORKMAN BROTHERS

THEY PURCHASE BONDS

Wealthy Residents Protested at Being Oblidged to Share in the Burden of War Activities.

Maybe you heard last night about 8:30 o'clock, coming from somewhere up town, three rousing cheers. In case you wondered what it all meant, and what occasioned the outburst, it came from seventy-five citizens engaged in helping to put Maryville over the top in the Fourth Liberty Loan and those three cheers will be echoed and re-echoed to the farthest parts of Nodaway county. It was a warning that in an hour of emergency every man must do his duty and that every citizen owes an obligation to his country and to his fellow men that must be fulfilled. There must be no slackers in Maryville.

Yesterday afternoon a committee of Liberty Loan workers went to the home of Francis Workman on east Third street, a wealthy resident, to solicit his subscription, it being found that his contribution to war activities had been so small as to be almost negligible; no subscription to any government bond issue had been recorded in his favor. The committee of four business men were advised that Mr. Workman was not at home. A search located him in hiding in a shed in the rear. He was asked for a subscription of $500. The committee was met with a refusal. They, explained the urgent need of the government and that every citizen was expected to bear his share of the burden. They left without having obtained his subscription.

On report of the committee, a larger committee composed of seventy-five leading citizens and business men went to the Workman home last night. They found Mr. Workman together with his brother, George Workman, the latter also being a non-contributor to war activities or a purchaser of Liberty bonds, having evaded soliciting committees who have tried to see him.

The brothers were told that a definite decision must be reached immediately and that the limit of $500 had been raised to $1,000 each. Both men demurred on the ground that they did not have the money. Painstaking efforts were made by the spokesmen of the committee to convince the men that their obligations should be met. Francis Workman declared he did not have that much money in the bank and that he could not overdraw, asking that they leave the premises promising to see them in the morning. He was told that he must decide on the spot and that $1,000 must be the amount.

"If you'll take what I've got, I'll give you a subscription," the committee was informed.

"$1,000 each or take the consequences," was the reply of the committee.

"I'll have to see my banker first," pleaded Workman, who still insisted the committee wait until morning when he would see them.

Asked who his banker was he named the Farmers Trust Company. "Who do you want to see?" he was asked. "I'll have to see Cal Pierce, first but just wait until morning, won't you?"

But the committee was obdurate and Mr. Pierce was sent for. When he arrived he went into the unlighted room, the door being immediately locked and bolted from within. It had been necessary to forcibly hold the door open that the committee might explain its mission, Workman talking through a small aperture and attempting to close it that further discussion might be avoided.

The house was dark when the committee arrived though both men were fully dressed as though expecting visitors. No light was had except that furnished by a flashlight secured by some one.

After a long parley with Mr. Pierce he came outside to report that they had agreed to appear at the bank this morning to meet the committee. "We want their promise to be there and also their promise that each will purchase a $1,000 bond," was the committee's reply.

Mr. Pierce went back again into the darkened room, the flashlight through the front door glass revealing the expostulating gestures of Francis Workman as he endeavored to secure more favorable terms. The promise was finally secured however and when it was announced to the seventy-five men gathered outside, they quietly and with out comment withdrew and returned uptown.

A few minutes later three hearty American cheers floated out over Maryville to let the people know that Nodaway county is going over the top with the Fourth Liberty Loan.

Two subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan for $1,000 each were recorded this morning at the Farmers Trust Company in the names of Francis and George Workman.

TURNER & DUNKELMANN
Successors to
The Becker Cleaning Co.
Ladies' and Gents' Tailoring
—Remodeling—
CLEANING AND PRESSING.
209 North Main.

JOHN N. RIPLEY, 82, DEAD

Well Known Farmer Passes Away This Morning at Graham.—Funeral Services Tomorrow.

John N. Ripley, 82 years old, a well known resident of the south part of the county, died at 3:30 o'clock this morning at his home south of Graham.

Mr. Ripley had been in failing health for some time. He was born March 22, 1836. He had made his home in Nodaway county since a young man.

He is survived by three sons, John A., Edmund R., and Marian F. Ripley, all living on farms near Graham. Funeral services will be held some time Sunday, the hour is not yet definitely set.

BUYS FINE CHESTER WHITES

F. B. Goodspeed Pays Top Price for Fine Animals at Big Illinois Sale.

F. B. Goodspeed returned this morning from Little Rock, Ill., where he attended the Guy E. Smith sale of pure blood Chester White hogs. Mr. Goodspeed purchased a high class junior boar, paying $540 for the animal, the top price of the sale. A top gilt for which $240 was paid was also added to the Goodspeed herd. Few herds of Chester Whites in this section of the country equal the Goodspeed herd in point of breeding.

HOLD DEITRICH FUNERAL

Services at Family Home Near Graham This Afternoon.

Funeral services for Mrs. Charles Deitrich, who died Wednesday night, were held at two o'clock this afternoon at the family home southeast of Graham.

Mrs. Deitrich was a victim of pneumonia, following an attack of influenza. She leaves her husband and a young son, Dale.

NEED WOMEN TO AID

WIVES OF MEN OVER-SEAS MAY ENLIST FOR HOSPITAL WORK

TRAINING NOT REQUIRED

Will Be Assigned to Duty in Reconstruction and Convalescent Hospitals Here and in France.

Arrangements have been made with the Surgeon General to enlist the wives of men in overseas service as well as single women as hospital assistants. This call does not mean a trained nurse or a student nurse, but just what the words imply, women to assist in the work of the hospital which does not require professional training.

Miss Jessie Parcher, chairman of the Missouri division National Council of Defense, has received notice of this need of the government and all applications are to be made direct to Miss Annie W. Goodrich, Dean of the Army school of Nursing, care of the Surgeon General's Office, Washington, D. C.

The rules governing the entrants and the work are:

The women will be given such training as is necessary to make them valuable in the work she will be called upon to do. She will not be sent into overseas duty, but will be kept in the military hospitals in which the soldiers are quartered for reconstruction work.

They must be between the ages of 21 and 40 years; in good physical condition; of good moral character and be a graduate of high school or present an acceptable equivalent.

They will be furnished with board, lodging and laundry, but must provide themselves with a nursing uniform for the probationary period and upon completion of this period a military and such additional uniforms as are required during their service in the hospitals, the government provides a monthly allowance of $15 to meet this and other incidental expenses.

They are entitled to medical treatment while on duty, ordinarily this will be furnished at the hospital to which they are assigned, but if he deems necessary, the surgeon general may transfer them to some other hospital for treatment.

The probationary period will not exceed two months.

The connection between the hospital assistant and the army school of nursing may be severed at any time.

There will be a great many women required for this work in order that every invalid shall receive his due and full share of attention. This appeal is made not only to married women who are over the age limit, but to the single women as well.

Son at Potts Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Potts of North Walnut street, announce the birth of a son Friday night.

Destroy The Hun For Human Liberty, Plea of Minister

Rev. W. A. Shullenberger, Pastor of Central Christian Church, of Des Moines, and a Former Maryville Boy, Delivers Timely Sermon to People of That City.

The Rev. W. A. Shullenberger pastor of the Central Church of Christ of Des Moines, Ia., son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Shullenberger of this city, had an excellent article in last Sunday's Des Moines Register to destroy the Hun for human liberty.

When it was found that the quarantine established over Des Moines on account of the Spanish influenza would result in closing the churches of the city Rev. Shullenberger was singled out by the Register to prepare the city's sermon for last Sunday.

His text was taken from I Samuel 15:2-3. "And Samuel said unto Saul: thus saith the Lord of hosts, I have marked that which Amalek did to Israel, how he set himself against him in the way, when he came up out of Egypt. Now go and smite Amalek, and utterly destroy all that they have, and spare not."

The Rev. Shullenberger is a Maryville boy. He was graduated from the high school. His sermon follows:

Can a plea for warfare be, in any manner, harmonized with the teachings and principles of Christianity? This is one of the question marks erected for us by the Liberty Loan campaign, through which the president appeals to all Americans for a most vigorous prosecution of the war. Sometimes it seems decidedly bewildering to possess both manly muscles that can hit hard, and a militant memory that counsels restraint and mercy.

And this is an hour when we come face to face with the seemingly irreconcilable conflict between Christian teaching and Christian spirit, and the destruction, the hate and the killing of war. Not a few loyal Americans have asked, in perplexed conscientiousness, within the past four years, "Can a Christian go to war?" Others have hunted deep and wide for the place where God made any distinction between murder (one man killing another) and war (in which thousands of men kill each other). Still others have felt so poignantly the horror of assailing life that they have pleaded their inability to plunge the cold steel home.

I know a splendid young American, a lieutenant in aviation, to whose aerial photography done weeks ago is due a measure of the success of the American advance against the Hindenburg line today, but when in officers' training camp he appealed to his superiors

(Continued on page 2.)

BAN TO REMAIN ON

INFLUENZA CLOSING ORDER TO REMAIN IN FORCE

BUT FEW SERIOUS CASES

One New Case Was Reported This Morning.—Better Be on the Safe Side, It Is Pointed Out.

The closing order affecting schools, churches, picture shows and all public gatherings where more than twenty persons meet, will be continued in force during next week. The decision was arrived at last night following a meeting of physicians, the matter being left to the City Physician Dr. F. M. Ryan, who announced this morning that the city health board would not life the ban. While it is pointed out that conditions are not serious, there being but one or two serious cases of influenza, it is believed that all possible precaution should be continued until the disease has been definitely checked. One new case was reported this morning to Dr. Ryan.

"I wish you would urge on the people," said Dr. Ryan this morning, "to do as little travelling as possible—not go from one town to another unless it is absolutely necessary. Most of the infection has been brought here from other towns and if we can just keep to ourselves for a short time I am sure we will be able to effectively stamp it out." Dr. Ryan pointed out that trains were a chief source of the spread of the disease germ, together with crowded stores and mingling with crowds on the streets.

"If you must sneeze or cough, do it into your handkerchief," is the admonition of physicians, who say that the germs are circulated through the air.

Members of the Medical Reserve Service Corps co-operating with the state council of defense urge:

Thorough cleanliness of houses, premises, clothing, utensils and personal cleanliness.

Avoid stirring up dust.

Wash, scrub, flush, sprinkle, and use soap and water thoroughly.

Gargle and spray the nose and throat with an alkaline antiseptic fluid frequently.

Get plenty of fresh air, avoid chill or overheating.

The General Hospital staff of Kansas City, composed of sixty physicians, through a special committee and the director of health, offer general rules for the prevention of influenza and its spread. No attempt was made to offer a treatment for the disease, as there is no specific treatment on which physicians are agreed. Individual treatment for each case, because of complicated and different symptoms, appears to be a necessity. The following is the statement:

Influenza resembles a very contagious "cold," accompanied by fever, pains in the head, eyes, ears, back or other parts of the body and a feeling of severe sickness.

There may be an absence of nose and throat symptoms, with no sneezing or coughing. Fever alone may be the only symptom other than a general tired feeling.

There is no way in which a single case of influenza can re recognized. Therefore, any case resembling a cold should be looked upon with suspicion Recognition is easy where there are a group of cases.

The disease is spread by direct contact. People affected with the disease, however slight, will transmit it to others by sneezing, coughing or expectorating in close proximity to other people. Persons having a slight attack and going about will infect other people who will have the severest and most dangerous form.

The disease is more dangerous than smallpox, diphtheria or scarlet fever.

IS NOW LIEUT. COL. KEELER

Son of Mrs. Mary J. Keeler of South Main Street, Promoted From Rank of Major.

Major John C. Keeler, the son of Mrs. Mary J. Keeler of 702 South Main street, has been promoted to the position of Lieutenant Colonel. He is with the 34th Artillery Brigade in France.

Lieut. Col. Keeler is a West Point man and has been in army service for some time.

Miss Jennie Garrett went to Des Moines, Ia., yesterday for a short visit with her sisters, Mrs. Harry Foster and Miss Lou Garrett.

TRAPPED 6,000 HUNS

ALLIED TROOPS NEAR HOLLAND BORDER MAKE BIG HAUL—WHOLE BELGIAN COAST IS NOW OCCUPIED BY BRITISH FORCES—GERMANS STILL IN FLIGHT OVER A WIDE FRONT

KEEP PUSHING ON

AMERICANS HAVE JOINED THE BRITISH IN THE CAMBRAI REGION DRIVE

TAKE 1,500 PRISONERS

TEXAS AND OKLAHOMA TROOPS FIGHTING WITH FRENCH, DOING VALIANT WORK

BRITISH GO 6 MILES FRIDAY

Pushing Ahead East of Douai They Are Assaulting Vital Positions in the Sambre River Region.—Courtrai Now Held by Allies.

London, Oct. 19.—Allied troops have entered Ecello and have trapped 6,000 Germans between there and the Holland border, according to a News Agency dispatch from Amsterdam this afternoon.

The whole Belgian coast has been taken over by British forces, according to a special dispatch from Dover. They occupy all of the ground between Ostend and Zebrugge.

London, Oct. 19.—The Allies are now assaulting German positions in a vital sector of the Sambre river, with the British pushing on east of Tureoing, having captured Bellegham, Rolleghem and Luinghe. Courtrai has been completely cleared of the enemy. The Belgians have partly occupied Lebrugge, according to unofficial advices. The British have pushed on for six miles east of Douai.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The French war office announces the capture of four more towns, Hannapes, Tupigny and Noyedes were taken in the advance east of Bohain, while on the Aisne sector the village of Ambly was captured.

Paris, Oct. 19.—Americans have occupied the Telme farm in their latest push around Bantheville wood. Indications are this afternoon that the Germans were getting ready to fall back slightly again, as a result of the continuous pounding of the Americans.

London, Oct. 19.—The British, in their advance past Lille, have established posts north of Tourcoing. The American troops that advanced nearly two miles south of Le Cateau Friday are still pushing forward. They have taken fifteen hundred prisoners and repulsed numerous machine gun attacks. Texas and Oklahoma troops of the thirty-sixth division, fighting with the French on the Champagne front, repulsed enemy patrols in the sector of the Aisne river, capturing some prisoners from the Prussian Guard.

London, Oct. 19.—Advancing on the front southeast of Cambrai, the British have captured Mazinghi, four miles southeast of Le Cateau and have completed the occupation of Basuel, the war office announced today. The American forces are fighting with this British army. The Marque river has been crossed. North of Sensee canal progress of the British continues.

London, Oct. 19.—Important junction railway town of Kraljevo, eighty miles south of Belgrade, has been captured by the Serbs, it was announced today.

WOULD JOIN NUESES' CORPS.

Miss Jeanette Tate Makes Application Through St. Joe Red Cross.

Miss Jeanette Tate, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Tate of this city has made application through the St. Joseph Red Cross chapter for entrance into the Student Nurses training corps for army service.

An emergency call for student nurse volunteers has been made to fill the Missouri quota, which so far is short of the number needed.

TO CLASSIFY MEN 37 TO 46

Gen. Crowder Orders Questionnaires Sent When Other Groups of Registrants Have Been Finished.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Questionnaires for men of the 37 to 46 and 18-year-old classes under the draft have been ordered released by Provost Marshal General Crowder in all local board districts where the classification of other groups have been completed. This will affect more than half of all the territory in the United States, progress having been more rapid than was expected in classification work.

Local boards sending out questionnaires must release 10 per cent a day.

The order above mentioned has not yet been received by the local boadr. The local board has finished the classification of registrants in other groups of the recent registration.

THE HOSPITAL TO AID FIGHT

St. Francis Sisters Will Aid in Effort to Check Influenza.—Will Give Such Cases Priority.

Lending their aid in an effort to efficiently handle the influenza epidemic the sisters of St. Francis hospital have turned the institution temporarily into an emergency hospital for influenza cases and all such cases as may be directed by attending physicians will be taken there for treatment. During the time the disease is prevalent the sisters will devote their energies and aid to caring for influenza patients and co-operating with local physicians such cases will be given priority over cases resulting from other diseases. Facilities at St. Francis are ample to care for between sixty and seventy patients. It is desired that as far as possible and except in emergency cases that patients contemplating going to the hospital for treatment for minor troubles wait until the influenza epidemic shall have been checked.

Acting on an order from the Medical Reserve Service Corps that no surgical operations except in cases of dire emergency be performed, during the influenza epidemic, local physicians at their meeting last night agreed that no surgical cases except those demanded by an emergency will be undertaken

LOAN GOAL NOT YET REACHED

Nodaway County Is Still Short of Its Quota.—Committees Will Keep on Working.

Although within sight of the goal Nodaway county is still short of the goal of $1,282,750, its quota in the Fourth Liberty Loan. Soliciting committees are working this afternoon and will continue until the full amount is subscribed.

A considerable sum was added by the committees working yesterday and met with gratifying results. The sum was increased by a number of voluntary subscriptions, a number of them for good amounts. Chairman W. C. Pierce did not have the total result available this afternoon as committees working over the county are still out and have not reported. It is expected that by Monday a definite statement will be made by the committee of the county's standing.

All members of the committee have the fullest confidence that the full quota will be subscribed when the time comes to close the books, but will continue working until announcement is made that the county is over the top.

CLARADY FUNERAL SUNDAY

Body Arrived in Elmo Yesterday.—Burial in I. O. O. F. Cemetery.

Funeral services for Robert Clarady of Elmo, who died Wednesday night at Scotts Bluff, Neb.,, will be held at two o'clock Sunday afternoon at the Methodist church, South, of Elmo, conducted by teh pastor, the Rev. B. A. Smallwood.

The interment will be made in the Odd Fellows cemetery. The body arrived in Elmo yesterday morning.

AUSTRIA TOLD, FLAT

NO PEACE TERMS WILL NOW BE ACCEPTED ON FORMER BASIS

MUST COME FROM CZECHS

President Wilson Says People of That Country Shall Be Judges.—Peace Rioters Stone Palace.

Washington, Oct. 19.—That the United States can no longer accept as a basis for peace with Austria-Hungary the conditions set forth by President Wilson in hi sfourteen peace suggestions made public on January 18, the President informed Austria today. Any terms of peace must come from the Czecho-Slovaks, and the people of that country shall be the judges of their rights and destinies.

London, Oct. 19.—Peace rioters attacked the Kaiser's palace in Berlin Wednesday and smashed hundreds of windows with bricks, said an Amsterdam dispatch to the Daily Express today. The Kaiser was reported to have been in hiding during the attack. The police and soldiers were ordered out against the rioters and attacked them with bayonets.

OVER-SEAS ARMY 2,000,000

Pershing Cables War Department Entire Belgian Coast Has Been Cleared of German Troops.

Washington, Oct. 19.—More than two million American soldiers are now embarked overseas or are on French or other foreign soil, members of the senate military affairs committee were informed at a conference today with war department officials. While the conference was on, a telegram from General Pershing was read, stating that the entire Belgian coast from Bruges to Holland had been cleared of German troops.

DEATH CLAIMS YOUNG WOMAN

Mrs. Guy Clary of Clearmont,, Succumbs to Pneumonia Yesterday Afternoon.—Funeral Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Robinson Clary, the wife of Guy Clary of Clearmbont, died at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon with pneumonia. Mrs. Clary became ill a few days previous with influenza and her illness soon developed into a bad case of pneumonia.

Funeral services will be held at the home tomorrow afternoon. Mrs. Clary was 32 years old and is survived by her husband, a young son, George Robb, a sister, Mrs. J. D. Snodderly of Clearmont, and three brothers, J. C. Robinson of Clearmont, Fred Robinson of Nebraska, and Will Robinson, who is in army service.

REPORT TO DRAFT BOARD

Men Called in OOct. 23 Quota Required to Notify Clerk Day Before Call of Readiness To Go.

The local draft board announces that all men listed in the call for service to go next Wednesday to Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, Texas, are required to report the day before they are to leave. This is a requirement of every call, but in cases where but few have been sent, it has not been strictly observed. With forty men to be entrained it is necessary that every man report the day before entrainment in order that it may be definitely known that each one is ready. The men are not required to remain in the city, but must report to the board their readiness to go. Also it is necessary that in the event some must be dropped that the alternates be informed in advance so that they can make preparations to take their places.

Hears of Nephew's Death.

William Ramsey, living north of the city, received word this afternoon of the death of his nephew, Clarence Young, the son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Young, who died at one o'clock this morning at Port Arthur, Texas. No particulars of the young man's death have been learned.

If you want coal, call Glover & Alexander. 14-19

THE WEATHER

Showers tonight followed by clearing Sunday generally fair, slightly cooler tonight.

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

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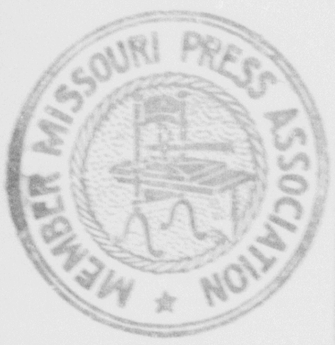

Democratic Ticket.

For U. S. Senator—
Joseph W. Folk.

For Supt. Public Schools—
Uel W. Lamkin.

For Judge Supreme Court—
Walter W. Graves.

For Representative in Congress—
Charles F. Booher.

For Representative—
William Job.

For Presiding Judge—
W. M. Shuckhart.

For Judge North District—
George Hepburn.

For Judge South District—
Dwight Davis.

For County Clerk—
Fred J. Yeomans.

For Circuit Clerk—
G. H. Westfall.

For Recorder of Deeds—
Dan R. Baker.

For County Attorney—
Charles F. McCaffrey.

For Probate Judge—
Jesse F. Robertson.

Obituary.

Wilbur H. Dowis, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Dowis, was born March 7, 1894, and departed this life October 12, 1918, aged 24 years, 7 months and 5 days.

He is survived by his father and mother and five sisters and one brother, as follows: Cleola, Zola, Eala, Leta, Velma and Dale. Besides these he leaves a host of other relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

He was born and grew to manhood in this vicinity, where he has many friends as was shown by the large crowd that turned out to pay their tribute of respect and esteem to his memory. He was called to take up arms in defense of humanity, and left for Camp Funston, Kansas, July 25, 1918, at which place he departed this life on October 13, 1918, while in training for his country's service. He was a member of the Medical Supply Depot of Fort Riley, Kansas.

The funeral services were conducted from the home about one and one-half miles west of Sheridan, Mo., October 16, 1918, by Challie E. Graham, and interment made in the Dunkard cemetery. The Home Guards of Maryville, Missouri, very kindly assisted with the funeral services.

The sympathy of the many friends go out to the grief stricken ones. They feel that they have suffered loss along with them. All our heads and hearts bow with yours in this time of sorrow. May the God of Comfort bless and strengthen and comfort you all.

MOTHERS

Reduce your doctor's bills by keeping always on hand—

Your Bodyguard
VICK'S VAPORUB

NEW PRICES—30c, 60c, $1.20

Destroy The Hun For Human Liberty

(Continued from Page 1.)

to be transferred because regard for the sacredness of human life was such that he felt he could never smash, cut and stab in the frenzied clash soon to come.

And still others have felt there was a strange and savage incongruity about having pleas for the propagation of war voiced from the pulpits and prayer places of the churches. Such is the quandary of the composite American mind.

The Modern Amalek Is Germany and Same Fate Must be Meted Out.

To match this perplexity of our present day experience the Bible offers us an equally paradoxical scripture. Bible readers of the centuries have either shied at, or stood aghast before the mission which Samuel, in the name of the Lord, imposed upon King Saul.

"Destroy utterly; spare nothing."—these were the livid words of the imperturbable prophet.

Reading that commission, many shuddered and said they did not understand; others said this was at least one instance in the Bible where man's passion and lust was subscribed for the free and loving inspiration of God.

But our day is vexed with questions, and the questioner has his reward. Who were those Amalekites? And what could they possibly have done to merit such a decree from God, who here seems to have turned the vengeful lord high executioner?

They were a restless, predatory, bloodthirsty tribe that lived on the borders of the desert and constantly threatened and marauded old Canaan from the south.

They were the hereditary foes of God's people, Israel. When the tribes under Moses marched out of Egypt the Amalekites were the first foes, and not only the first, but always the malicious, ruthless, gruesome foes. Just before his death Moses exhorted the tribes to "remember what Amalek did,"—how he smote the "hindmost" (the aged, the children and the non-combatants), and also "the feeble, the faint and the weary."

And later, Samuel addressing their captured king, Agag, whose name meant "the destroyer," cried out to his face that his sword was habitually devoted to making "women childless."

Germany teaches the world today that there are people and nations with whom reason, patience, love, and even kindness of the obligation to show mercy have no weight.

And who knows but that Amalek was such a monster, and so invulnerable to anything divine from above or to anything human from below that there was no other way to rid Israel and the country of them!

"Vengeance Is Mine, I Will Repay Saith the Lord" Is Warning.

Judgment is God's prerogative. It is his strange work in which he takes no delight, but which he cannot fail to perform when necessity for it arises. Judgment is just as inescapable a law of the universe as gravitation. Not altogether agreeable to the sagged heart of man is that divine characteristic of stern, righteous, unbiased judgment. In the vagrant moods of our minds we are inclined to direct God wholly of his judicial character. We are tempted to aver that Christ's mission to the world was only to convince mankind of certain rather complacent paternal aspects of God's nature, and to rid our minds of those conceptions of indignation and wrath we are naturally apt to vote him.

But that is only a half gospel. We instinctively feel that justice will sometime, somewhere be done and judgment visited.

And who can do it for the years and centuries but he who liveth forever? It is as much a part of the gospel that judgment will be visited upon the haughty, the pitiless, the merciless, as that God will bestow the blessings of happiness, salvation, and eternal life on them that believe in him and love their fellow men.

In trumpet tones the voice rings out, "Beloved, give place unto wrath; vengeance is mine; I will repay, saith the Lord."

And nations have a corporate being the same as individuals. If they perpetrate their misdeeds and marauding from generation to generation, are they not fit subjects of wrath? Is Germany different from Amalek?

Has she not rested o nthe borders of the nations, and enriched herself and intrenched her might ever since Frederick's day at the expense, the poverty, and woe of others? Has she not been lying siren, brutal burglar, despoiler of the helpless, and scientific pickpocket all in one?

And furthermore, as with Saul and Israel, there were to be no plunderers and no plunder, so with our Christian America. We want no loot, no plunder, no indemnity. We only want peace on earth, and a square deal to all men.

God's other prerogative is that of being the purpose maker for humanity. Newman put it all into his magnificent hymn, "Lead kindly light, lead thou me on; keep thou my feet; I do not ask to see the distant scene,—one step enough for me." God is the supreme purpose maker, and people and nations are blest in becoming his purpose makers.

Those purposes of God must and will come into actuality, and it were better that none of us, whether individuals or nations, put ourselves in the way of his plans working to this completion. It's all the same whether it be Balaam or the kaiser, Amalek or Germany. And sometimes the only way to clear the road of barricades set up against the divine progress of earth is by war. Israel had a great divine purpose in mind, and a mission to work out for the world. They were not by inclination or nature warriors. Amalek had no purpose; she was only predatory and militaristic.

And somehow the universe fires all its shafts of malediction and wrath at the thing that is purposeless and useless.

War is like an operation for appendicitis: very few Americans get enthusiastic over having the surgeon dig in, but blessed be he who gives up his appendix and lives happily ever afterward.

So, I say, let us win the war, not for the sake of war, not for the sake of seeing how fully we can heed the call of the wild within us, nor the sake of becoming acceptable devotees of merciless Mars, but let us win the war for the sake of all things that wait until victory comes!

Strike, Strike, Strike! for This Is America's Hour Upon Calvary.

Fight for things divinely important, and to human souls unspeakably precious. Strike, then, in the name of Christ's missionary tasks that must wait till we have vanquished modern Amalekitism! No progress worthy of the strength and desire of Christendom can be made in the evangelization of non-Christian peoples while the war lasts.

Heathen and pagan may hunger and thirst after righteousness and enlightenment, but they must wait.

Missionaries may toil terribly or die from exposure and mutilation, as they have before the crescent of Turkish barbarity. Medical missionaries may greet the leprous patients that come, but, ah, the lack of medicine and bandage and balm!

The old Greek church of Russia may totter to its fall and a stark infidelity may intrench itself in the hearts of that simple, lovable people, but the church cannot move.

World evangelization must mark time until the thought center is no more war and the momentous fluctuations of battle lines,—until the bugles have sounded taps and requiem for the conflict.

In the name of the world saving passion of Christianity, strike for the right and early ending of the war.

Strike for the education of America's manhood! But recently did President Wilson write to the secretary of the interior, asking that he institute a go to school campaign in order that "no boy or girl shall have less opportunity for education because of the war."

Who can estimate how far the world would be set back by a long drawn conflict?

What could be more disastrous to the future happiness and usefulness of our nation's millions of young people than a long duration of war wherein young men, and possibly boys and girls would be drawn from school and college, and forced to give over or defer that culture that make for self-support and ripe citizenship! For the sake of the resumption of our youth's education, hit hard!

Strike for the mental, civil and governmental liberties of millions in other lands now held in the thraldom of tyranny and oppression! Here is a puzzling and maddening picture. A man in the garb of an industrious civilian is slowly, and with infinite toil, climbing up the steep side of a jagged cliff.

He is getting away from the dark chasm of the bitter years he has spent in pitch his tent on greater and greater summit, where there is light and vision and better air and more room, as he makes progress, a demon puts his foot from around the shoulder of the cliff and a perfidious hand from above stealthily thrust him down and plunge him backwards.

WRIGLEY'S

For Victory Buy Liberty Bonds

We will win this war—
Nothing else really matters until we do!

The Flavor Lasts

PAINT RANKIN LYLE

Refusing to accede to the committee's request that he subscribe for Liberty bonds, Rankin Lyle, a prominent citizen was this afternoon painted yellow by members of the committee and others in the interest of four or five hundred persons who gathered at the corner of Third and Main streets at the Northwest Walker Bond corner. Lyle finally consented to give a subscription to the loan committee and a big one it will be, paint was immediately removed and with nothing but the yellow skin showing on his face and hands he was released from the clutches of the crowd. Lyle is a good sport.

PORTER FUNERAL YESTERDAY

Body Brought from Nashville, Tenn., and Interred in Miriam Cemetery. Rt. Rev. Candaries' Services.

Funeral services for Harry O. Porter, a son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith of this city, who died Sunday evening, Oct. 13, of pneumonia at Nashville, Tenn., were held yesterday noon at Miriam cemetery where the body was interred.

The body arrived from Nashville on the noon Burlington and was taken direct to the cemetery. The services were conducted by Rt. Rt. S. Hart, pastor of the First Methodist church. The pall bearers were Elden Laird, H. E. Hinchkiff, Edgar Saunders, L. S. Goss, Sherman Montgomery and Moses Hahn. The body was accompanied to Maryville by Mrs. Porter and a brother of the deceased, Roland Porter of Kansas City.

Mr. Porter was born Sept. 23, 1890, at Fairfax, Mo. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Porter. The family moved to Maryville during Harry's boyhood and lived here for some years. He was married to Miss Chloe Smith of this city Dec. 25, 1912. They went to Kansas City to reside and lived there until about three weeks ago when Mr. Porter went to Nashville to do government work. He contracted influenza and was ill only a few days. Besides his widow, his parents and brother, Roland, he leaves a sister, Mrs. E. S. Scott of Des Moines, Ia.

To Attend Porter Funeral.

Miss Fannie Mae Heflin of St. Joseph came to Maryville Thursday night to visit her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith and to attend the funeral of her cousin, Harry O. Porter of Kansas City, held in this city yesterday.

FOR RENT OR SALE—2½ acres, 7 room house, cave and necessary outbuildings, 1½ acres to rye, 6 blocks from square. See John Hansen. 19-22*

High School Cadets—Attention!

The uniform house requires some additional measurements. Please call at Home Guard armory tonight to be remeasured. H. D. SNYDER.

TEACHERS' MEET POSTPONED

Committee in Charge Will Announce New Date for Convention When Epidemic Has Been Stopped.

Through the necessity for continuing the closing order due to the epidemic of influenza the Northwest Teachers Association meeting, together with the annual Nodaway County Agricultural Show and Domestic Science exhibits scheduled for October 24-26 at the Normal school has been postponed. The announcement comes through the executive committee of the Northwest Teachers Association. No date has yet been named for the meeting.

The program this year of both the teachers meeting and the corn and domestic science is one of the most interesting that has yet been prepared and it is hoped that it can be given as announced when a new date has been decided upon.

H. E. FORD WINS COMMISSION.

Is Appointed First Lieutenant at Cavalry Officers' Training School.

Harold E. Ford, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Jim Andy Ford of this city, who has been in training at the Cavalry Officers' Training School at Camp Hancock, Ga., has received a commission as first lieutenant.

Mr. Ford was a traveling salesman for a Chicago firm at the time of his enlistment several months ago.

NEPHEW DIES IN IOWA.

Three Other Members of the Family Are Seriously Ill.

Jesse Combs of this city received word yesterday of the death of his nephew, Lue Combs, 23 years old, who died with influenza at Council Bluffs, Ia. The funeral services will be held at Council Bluffs. The mother and two brothers of the young man are seriously ill with the same malady.

"Bill" Van Cleve Improving.

Word was received today from Mrs. W. C. Van Cleve, who is at Columbia with her son, William B., who is seriously ill with pneumonia, that the young man was slightly improved and physicians now hope for his recovery. Mr. Van Cleve was summoned from Washington and was expected to arrive in Columbia yesterday.

Grant Bradley Improving.

Grant Bradley, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bradley of Hopkins, who was ill with pneumonia, is reported as improving. Mrs. Ida Streeter, who is teaching school in the district south of Skidmore, is visiting in Maryville with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Streeter. The latter has been closely confining on account of the epidemic.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend our heartfelt thanks to our friends and neighbors for the kindness and sympathy shown us at the death of our beloved husband and father.

Mrs. H. O. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Smith, Mrs. H. B. Scott, Roland Porter.

Don't forget the BOOST or BOOT sale at the Bell store Saturday, Tuesday, October 22. 19

NERVOUS ENERGY.

The average healthy man, in t... full possession of his mental and ph... sical vigor, is cheerful and content... Unfortunately, a really healthy indi... vidual is a rarity.

The conditions of modern life ar... so enormous that they exhaust th... NERVOUS ENERGY, and distress, sleeplessness, worry and various other troubles arise, hence this unhealthy state.

Dr. Prettyman treats Nervous and Chronic Diseases. You may consult him free of charge at the Linville Hotel, Monday, Oct. 21.

Defends Sinking Hospital Ships.

Amsterdam, Sept. 16.—(By Mail).—The Cologne Gazette defends the sinking of hospital ships:

"The English are calling the heavens to witness against the terrible German atrocity of attacking their hospital ships.

"These hospital ships are nothing but first-class frauds, and they form part of the cunning system the English have carried out since the beginning of the war. They have continued the low and despicable practise of employing these hospital ships for the shipment of war materials and of troops in disguise until at last even German forbearance, which is proverbially long suffering, could stand it no longer.

WATCH YOUR EYESIGHT.

EYES EXAMINED FREE

One expert graduate Optometrist will tell you what you need. The service is free at

KUCHS BROTHERS
222 North Main St.

will diagnose your eye troubles and

I Want Your—

CREAM, POULTRY and EGGS. THE SAME PRICE AND THE SAME SERVICE TO ALL.

B. A. Frost
THE PRODUCE MAN.

Kodaks Loaned or Sold

Take a Kodak with You

CARPENTER,
The Man of Kodak Fame

At Bee Hive Shoe Store.

OPEN YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT NOW!

Lay the foundation of your fortune by opening a savings account today.

Deposits of one dollar and upward received in our savings department.

Interest Paid Twice a Year

Oldest Bank in the County.

4% INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK
A Bank of Savings. Maryville, Missouri.

Three Fine Farms for Sale in Partition

160 acres belonging to the Vaughn heirs, about 9 miles northeast of Maryville, also a ten-acre tract lying about one mile north of Myrtle Tree church.

160 acres about three miles southeast of Old Conception, belonging to the heirs of John Jerman, deceased.

80 acres lying northeast of Bedison, belonging to the heirs of Elizabeth Partridge, deceased.

These are all good farms and will be sold under the orders of the Circuit Court on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1918.

for Cash, at the Court House, Maryville, Mo. Parties wishing to buy land should investigate these farms.

JOHN F. DOWDEN, Sheriff.

SOCIETY and CLUBLAND

By KATE SCHENCK

PHONES—OFFICE 42. HOME 683

Council Sends Request to Observe Prayer Hour.

"While our boys are battling for freedom and giving their lives for their country, let every man, woman and child of the nation stand still for two minutes at noon at attention, offering a silent prayer that their sacrifices be not made in vain. If our whole nation to a man, with united hearts and solemn purpose, pay this tribute to our boys across the sea, it cannot fail of its noble purpose."

The Women's Committee of the National Council of Defense, through Mrs. Lon O. Hocker, director of publicity for the Missouri division has sent the following request to the people of the state.

Arts and Crafts to Meet.

The Arts and Crafts Department of the Twentieth Century club will meet Monday afternoon, Oct. 21, with Mrs. Charles Eckert on North Main street. All those wishing to start reed work are reminded to not forget their reed.

Mr. and Mrs. Wells Give Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Edwin Wells gave a dinner last night at their home on Nodaway Avenue. Their guests were Dean and Mrs. George H. Colbert and son, Ned, Prof. and Mrs. W. J. Osburn and Miss Mabel Wells.

Miss Boggs Entertains.

Miss Mary Boggs gave a dinner yesterday at her home on West First street at which she entertained Mrs. Mary A. Phares, Mrs. Helen Hopkins, Mrs. Thana Hope, Mrs. Mary B. Lawrence, Miss Carrie Elizabeth Hopkins and Charlotte Hope Welchell.

Women Establish Red Cross Work Rooms in Italy.

Miss Rose Cleveland, sister of the late President Cleveland, and Mrs. Whipple, widow of the late Bishop Whipple, have recently established a school with sixty pupils at Bagni di Lucca, Italy, and are maintaining Red Cross work rooms in their villa, where refugee women make hospital supplies and clothing for the families of soldiers, incidentally earning their own living.

HARVEST 3950 BU. OF GRAIN

Alfred Kennel Enjoys the North but Still Remembers Nodaway.—Has Fine Crops This Fall.

Alfred A. ennel of Campbell, Minn., a former resident of Nodaway county, who is operating a hog farm in the north, writes that he has had splendid luck this year with his crops.

He has threshed 2,400 bushels of wheat, 1,300 bushels of oats and 250 bushels of barley. The wheat brought $2.19 per bushel. He is now plowing 300 acres getting it ready for the next wheat crop. In addition he is fattening a nice bunch of hogs which he says he hopes will all go to feed Uncle Sam's boys in the army.

Mr. Kennel is delighted with the north, but still has a love for Nodaway and the old home and writes to the Democrat-Forum, which he has read for years, to give his best regards to all the home folks.

Card of Thanks from Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Wiles.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Wiles and son, Hershel, desire to extend to all their deep appreciation for the many words of sympathy; the beautiful floral offerings and your assistance in every way to us in these our hours of bereavement in the loss of our son and brother, Virgil. They were words and deeds of consolation to us, we mourn his loss but are proud of the cause for which he gave his life.

Trades Business Property.

Martin H. Borrusch, last week, traded his building, occupied by the Remus Mercantile Co., for a farm in Taylor County, Iowa. The deal was made by Borrusch and Northup of Villisca, Iowa.

ALL ILL IN ONE FAMILY.

All of John Surplus Family of Parnell Sick With Influenza.

The condition of the John Surplus family of Parnell, of whom the entire household of eleven members are ill with influenza, was better today. Several of the members have been seriously ill, and one daughter, Virginia, six years old, died Tuesday night.

All the sick ones are now recovering. The neighbors have been taking care of the sick ones as well as keeping up the work of the farm.

Marriage Licenses.

A marriage license was issued this afternoon to Alva Jackson Parcel of Clearfield, Iowa and Florence Goldia Reeves, of Conway, Ia.

SOUL KISS
Face Powder
Makes a Beautiful Complexion
SOUL KISS
FACE POWDER
Try Soul Kiss once and you'll wonder how you ever got along with ordinary powder. There's a distinctive charm to Soul Kiss that's simply irresistible.
Mayer Bros. Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Get —

Soul Kiss

Face Powder at

GAUGH & EVANS

We sell Satisfaction.

TO RECLAIM DISMAL SWAMP

Engineers Have Long Had Their Eyes on Picturesque Wilderness Which Can Be Made Valuable.

Dismal Swamp, which lies just south of Norfolk, Va., partly in that state and partly in North Carolina, is one of the most picturesque wildernesses in the eastern United States. Although it may be reached from the busy port of Norfolk within a few hours by a boat which plies daily up and down a small canal, the Dismal Swamp remains an unspoiled wilderness where black bears and panthers still roam, while the smaller creatures of the wild exist in abundance.

The thick jungles and bottomless bogs at once offer perfect hiding places for the wild things and obstacles to the hunter which are often impassable. Then, too, the swamp is alive with snakes—the deadly copperhead and moccasin being especially abundant—and this fact alone detracts considerably from the popularity of the place as a pleasure resort.

It is nevertheless regularly visited by some hardy hunters, and is the delight of naturalists and scientists of all kinds, who here find what they most love—unspoiled, primitive nature.

The Dismal Swamp has great possibilities of future usefulness. In the first place, it contains some of the deepest and richest deposits of peat in the United States, and this fuel is undoubtedly to be used in this country in the near future. Furthermore, engineers say that the swamp can be drained, and that it will then become one of the richest bits of farmland in America. Indeed, one man has already demonstrated this by draining a few hundred acres of the swamp and raising phenomenal crops on it.—Chicago Daily News.

WORK ALONG WRONG LINES

Writer Points Out Imperative Need for Change in Present Legal and Charity Systems.

A change in our legal system must be made which will take account of the complex life of the present, as against the old-fashioned form of living, which brought with it temptation, greed and jealousy. Persons who, on account of wrong environment, have stooped to illegitimate means to attain their ends should be corrected, with discipline if you please, but not with brutal punishment. After correction they should have the chance to make an honest living; they should not be ostracized as at present, so that there is nothing else left for them to do but to return to a life of crime which sooner or later reaches the depths, when the state is forced to spend thousands and thousands for their upkeep.

The creation of beggars has never been due to the exercise of kindness. All beggars are made, more or less, by the charity system. With charity abolished and every individual understanding that we are all born to work and enjoy our work in accordance with our fitness for the work we are called upon to do, there will be no need of charity, and crime and disease will be lessened tremendously.—Editorial by Misha Appelbaum in Humanitarian.

"Shinplasters."

One of the curious forms of money to which the United States government has resorted was the "shinplaster currency." These bits of paper money were called "shinplasters" by reason of their size and not because of the use to which they were put. It was a strange condition of affairs which led to their issue. The Civil war had put a great strain on the finances of the United States. Metallic money grew scarce. In the first place it was exported and in the second place it was hoarded in vast sums. The government had issued "greenbacks" to take the place of silver dollars and five and ten dollar gold pieces, and as dimes, quarters and halves had also grown scarce it was decided to issue fractional paper currency. It was seriously needed, because there was great inconvenience throughout the country from a lack of small change. Merchants used postage stamps, tokens of various forms, their own "promises to pay" or script, and even buttons were employed as small change, to be later redeemed by the merchant in goods. It was to meet such conditions as these that the government issued small paper notes in denominations of 10, 25 and 50 cents.

Pronoun Little Used.

The form "thon" has held its place in the language, with occasional use, for sixty years. It is defined as meaning "That one; he, she, or it; a pronoun of the third person, common gender; a contracted and solidified form of 'that one,' proposed in 1858 by Charles Crozat Converse of Erie, Pa., as a substitute in cases where the use of a restrictive pronoun involves either inaccuracy, or obscurity, or its non-employment necessitates awkward repetition." As an example is given the substitution of "Each pupil must learn thon's lesson" for "Each pupil must learn his or her lesson."—Literary Digest.

Try a Rumor Next Time.

Snitcher—Listen, Tellitt, I've got to get another room. I don't like the landlady.

Tellitt—Why not?

Snitcher—She asks too much of me. Wanted me to take a room upstairs the other day, when I couldn't even get my arms around her, let alone the room.—Cartoons Magazine.

Capture of Juvigny was Tough Job, Berlin May Fall Harder, Says Sargeant

(By John McHugh Stuart.)

Paris, Sept. 16.—(By Mail).—The voice of every corner of America tells this story. This is simple transcription of the words of Yankee boys on the cots of an American hospital near Paris. It's their story. They speak for the American contingent which made part of the marvelous army of General Mangin, stuck its vicious fangs into the German Crown Prince's right flank up above Soissons and hung on and shook and shook and hung on and snapped from one fierce grip to another—until the Crown Prince's main forces came tumbling back in pain off the Vesle, across the Aisne, and beyond. There, at Juvigny and beyond, the brotherhood of arms between the Americans and the French was sealed as never before.

It is the voice of that army that speaks with one accord, though the accent be that of New Hampshire or New Orleans. Listen to Sergeant Norman Clark, of 310 First street, Edgerton, Wis. He speaks the way they all do. He says:

"Now get this right. Don't let anyone think we Americans are asking too much credit. Of course, no American unit has fallen down on the job. Give 'em an objective—and they get it.

"And I'll tell the world fair that this fighting for General Mangin is all the same as fighting for an American general. He hops into a battle to go through. And he goes through. No, sir, he doesn't waste any men—but he gets what he sets out to get.

"The bit he assigned us to get," and here a grin spread over the sergeant's lean jaws, "the bit he assigned us was Juvigny."

And the grin broadened as he pointed to the American line at Laffaux, a good five miles beyond Juvigny, as it showed on the map on the hospital wall.

"We'd been on the Vesle," he went on reminiscently, "and we'd had some hard fighting. We lost a lot of good men. But Juvigny was our toughest nut, so far. I guess maybe Berlin will be harder. Machine guns was what made it tough. They had 'em everywhere. And we had to go through 'em before we could really begin to fight.

"But say, when we hit the streets of that town we did fight. They had machine guns in every attic and every cellar. I've read it when you newspaper guys talk about a 'rain of lead.' I saw it that day at Juvigny. Say, the air was foggy with machine gun bullets.

"But the boys went through it. It was a quick duck around a corner, into a doorway, uptsairs or down, and good-bye to a machine gun crew—with a bayonet. It was too close for grenades. And these Germans were game. They took the cold steel before they quit."

"Aw, git out!" came a grunt of protest from the next cot. "When you get home, Sarg, you'll outlie the G. A. R."

This from one Private Fermin Goertz of Butter Ranch, N. M. He was not in the platoon with Sergeant Clark. He had different times with his Germans.

"This open warfare is the dope," he declared with conviction. "We all got tired of trenches. So when they gave us the word to up and at 'em, you can bet our crowd shook a leg. Sure, it was tough going to get into and thru that town, and to put all the Jerries to sleep there. But we did it and went on beyond. Of course, they finally slipped me a pill, a machine gun bullet in the leg here, but, believe me, they paid for it in advance. I handed several Germans more than a pill in the leg with that old Rosalie bayonet of mine. But I had to stop when they hit me in the leg. 'Cause why? 'Cause you gotta keep on running to fight these Germans. You gotta run thru their machine gun fire, and when you get to the machine guns the Jerries quit and start runping for themselves—until we ketch up with 'em.

"They don't like the American bayonet," sagely remarked Private Joseph P. Kelly of Elmira, N. Y., "because the Yanks know how to use that tool. Gosh, I used to cuss bayonet drill back in the States when they'd set us to jabbing sandbags and bundles of wood and things. But I guess it was the right dope. The Germans won't stand it. Yes, you can credit their machine gun crews with half courage. But the rest of 'em—whew!! Cowards when they see the Yank bayonets coming. They beat it."

Kelly came over with the first contingent of American troops last June. He has seen service on all the fronts. He was shot in the right arm by machine gun bullets.

H. C. Walker of San Diego, Cal., is one of the "interesting cases" at this hospital.

"The docs tell me a bullet went clean through my skull and lodged in my shoulder," he said. "I don't know why it didn't kill me"——

He was interrupted by a chorus of good natured "Well—we know."

And——

"No brains. No brains," from all over the room. But Walker grinned back at them. He knows a good deal about that battle.

"They just sprayed us with machine gun bullets," he said. "But they could not stop us. The Germans were a lot of kids. We came across one gun that had been causing a lot of trouble. Two of the crew of three were mere boys. One of 'em cried when we took him prisoner. Nerves I guess. He said he was glad to get out of it all. They must have belonged to the 1919 or 1920 class. It looks to me a sif the Germans were using up all the reserves and throwing in their newest cannon fodder, the boys for the next two years."

Just here a band in the hospital courtyard cut loose with the "Star Spangled Banner." And every hand in that room that was not in a sling, right or left, as the case might be, swung smartly to the salute, though regulations say nothing about saluting when you're flat on your back.

"Say, we get that concert a couple of days a week," said Harry Wood, of Ann Arbor, Mich., "and it certainly makes you feel good. I often wish we could go into battle the way the old boys did, with the band playing and the colors flying. But we make our own music nowadays with shrapnel and high explosives and machine guns and things."

Wood was injured in the right arm by shrapnel. But he modestly admitted he was able to "get one or two" before that. He also helped capture a machine gun crew.

"I know at least 200 prisoners went back from our part of the line," he says, "and I know the rest of the boys, French as well as American, did about the same."

"And it's hard work to take German prisoners," spoke up Peter Polomis of Wausaukee, Wis. "The only trouble our company had was getting close to the Jerries. They won't stand and fight. They're deathly afraid of bayonets, especially the American kind."

WORLD'S BIGGEST WAR MOVIE

"The Red Triangle" Is Title on New Films Showing War Activities.—Two Million People in Cast.

The Selig Polyscope Company has been commissioned by the Y. M. C. A. to film what is designed to be the world's biggest war movie. George Bainbridge, director of the enterprise, announces that nearly two million people—virtually all of them soldiers, sailors, and marines—will be in the cast. The title selected for the film is "The Red Triangle." It is to be released by the Mutual Film Corporation October 20.

Included in this picture will be about 600,000 men in the training camps in the United States, as well as large bodies of men on the battlefields of Europe. The Y. M. C. A. is to use the picture in the United War Work Campaign.

A special film of two reels is being made for each locality, the main idea being to present the "Home Boys" at every place. To make this feat possible, nearly 100,000 feet of film was necessary.

Modern methods for best results was the idea of the Y. M. C. A. when the movies were decided upon as the best means of propaganda. Uncle Sam's fighting forces will be shown in various activities, the finale of the picture being a massed body of men in the form of a huge triangle, with a great "Y" in the center. At Camp Funston 25,000 soldiers massed for the triangle and "Y." The aim is to show each community its "Own Boys" in camp or on the battlefield.

The Selig Company announces that it has been instructed to make this picture one of the most comprehensive war studies thus far filmed.

Returns from Arkansas.

L. M. Strader returned last night from Eureka Springs, Ark., where he has been spending the past two weeks with his sister and family.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest. Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

When You Think of Flowers think of

The Engelmann Greenhouses

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Eyes Tested Free
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WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION

H. L. Raines
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
110 W. 3RD ST., JUST A STEP PAST MAIN
MARYVILLE, MO.

Ajax and Republic TIRES

GUARANTEED 5000 MILES.

At prices of ordinary standard makes. See us before you buy. Free air.

U. S. COPPER CABLE CO.
East Side Square.

To Our Subscribers.

The Government has placed the newspapers of the country on a war basis—unless certain rules laid down by the Government or its authorized agents are accepted and immediately put into practice by the newspapers the newspaper industry will be excluded from the priority list and consequently would be suspended. For that reason

—it is absolutely necessary that we comply with the Government regulations regarding the publishing, printing and distributing of THE DEMOCRAT-FORUM.

To do this we must have the co-operation of our patrons who are asked to read the following extracts from the report of the war committee of newspaper publishers very carefully and follow out the requirements here stated:

No publisher may continue subscriptions after three months, after date of expiration, unless subscriptions are renewed and paid for.

No publisher may give free copies of his paper; except for actual service rendered; except to certain organizations specified in the report.

No publisher shall give free copies to advertisers except not more than one copy for checking purposes.

No publisher shall print extra copies for stimulating advertising or subscriptions.

No publisher shall sell his publication at an exceedingly low or nominal subscription price.

No publisher shall sell his publication to anyone below the published price.

No publisher shall offer premiums with his publication except in certain instances and in certain manner so specified.

No newspaper may be established during the period of the war except those for which arrangements had been made and plants purchased previous to the issuing of this order.

A sworn statement will be required for each publisher on November 1 as to how many of these rules have been put into effect by him.

We feel sure that our subscribers will assist us in our effort to abide by the Government's ruling by noting these requirements carefully and following out the suggestions offered.

NOTE:—The very first provision is: No publisher may continue subscriptions after 3 months after date of expiration unless subscriptions are renewed and paid for.

Is Your Subscription in Arrears?

If it is, please arrange to make immediate renewal and help us fulfill our part of the requirements.

Hudson and Welch

North Side Hardware Men

The Store With Right Prices

Don't Wobble

A steady income without worry is a legitimate and human desire. This can be worked out in every individual case if there is the proper determination behind such a wish.

Your decision must not wobble or waver.

If you decide you want such an income, it will cost you nothing to talk it over with us and get our plan.

Farmers Trust Co.

Geo. L. Wilfley, Pres. — S. H. Kemp, Cash. & Sec'y
W. C. Pierce, Vice-Pres. — A. K. Frank, Ass't Sec'y
U. D. Bellows, Vice-Pres. — H. D. Snyder, Ass't Sec'y
Geo. R. Ellison, Vice-Pres. & Counsel — A. W. Hoover, Attorney

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTS

THAT BRING RESULTS

RATES IN THIS COLUMN

Classified ads running three days or more will be inserted in this column for one-half cent per word each insertion. No ads taken for less than 25c for three days.

Ads running less than three days or interrupted insertions 1 cent per word each insertion.

Count the words; send money with the order. Ads should be in by twelve o'clock to insure insertion in this column same day.

Those prices are for CASH with order. An extra charge of Five Cents will be made on all Want Ads when cash does not accompany the order.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE — Ranch, 1620 deeded land, 640 leased, if taken soon, with or without stock. J. T. Hays, W. 12th street. 29-31

FOR SALE—New 1910 Nodaway county history. Inquire Democrat-Forum office. 14-19*

FOR SALE—25 head Duroc-Jersey shoats; also 16 months old, full blood Jersey heifer. Phone Farmers 47-14. 14-26*

FOR SALE—Epworth organ, good condition. Inquire L. L. Holbrook, 318 S. Mulberry. 14-19

FOR SALE—S. C. Brown Leghorn cockerels, best strain. Mrs. E. Davis, Bedison. 17-19*

FOR SALE—Chevrolet car, 1916 model, good shape, at Diss & Irby garage, cheap if sold by Saturday. 17-19*

FOR SALE—40 head shoats, weight 65 to 80 pounds, 4 miles east and one mile north Maryville. Frank Trusty. 17-19*

FOR SALE—Pure bred Shorthorn bulls and Duroc Jersey boars. W. E. Espey, Farmers phone 46-11. 17-23*

THE CONVENT at Clyde, Mo., will sell a choice purebred Holstein bull calf aged 9 months. 19-25

FOR SALE—Span of mares, 6 and 7 years old, weight 1,200. One Duroc brood sow. Dale Marsh, phone 51-15. 17-tf

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred S. C. Rhode Island Red roosters, $1.25 delivered at Maryville, from Nov. 1 to 15. Mrs. R. Pierpoint, Farmers 43-22. 17-23*

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred S. C. White Leghorn roosters, $1.00 if taken soon; $1.25 delivered at Maryville. Mrs. Theo. Gray, Pickering. Farmers 3-44. 17-23*

FOR SALE — Young heifer calf. Chas. J. Eckert, 1204 N. Main St., Farmers phone 74-13. 19-22*

FOR SALE—3 Toulouse geese. Phone 31-12 Skidmore. Mrs. Alice Broyles. 18-21*

FOR SALE—S. C. White Leghorn cockerels, $1.00 and $1.25. Barron strain. E. G. Wells, Ravenwood. 18-21*

WANTED

WANTED—Married man for general farm work; wife to board men. O. F. Wilson & Son, Burlington Junction, Mo. 20tf

WANTED—Lady of mature judgment, who has had about six years' experience as typist, bookkeeper and cashier, desires position. Will give good recommendations and references. Address F. B. A., care Democrat-Forum. 19-22*

WANTED—To rent piano. Call Hansmo 6260 after Sunday. 17-19

WANTED—To buy boy's saddle. Must be in good condition. Inquire at Democrat-Forum. 18-21*

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full description. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—High school graduate or teacher (young lady) to fill excellent position about November 1. Salary $1,000. Opportunity for advancement. Address Division C, 704 American Bank Building. 19*

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Good six room house, modern except heat; good cave, smoke house and garage. Well located, close to Normal, 1122 N. Mulberry. Inquire at 612 N. Mulberry. 30tf

FOR RENT—Rooms, all modern and clean, close to Normal. 612 N. Mulberry. 30tf

FOR RENT—Front suite of office rooms over Graham-Latimer store. Sisson Loan & Title Co. 10tf.

FOR RENT — Unfurnished rooms, ground floor, well and cistern, close in. 202 E. 1st St. 17-19*

MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—Pink cameo pin, between W. T. Doyle's and Alderman-Yehle. Return to Democrat-Forum. 17-19

Move Clocks Back 1 Hour Oct. 27
Daylight Saving Plan Big Success

Washington, D. C., Oct. 18.—Goodbye to the extra hour of daylight on October 27 some time after midnight. It will return on the last Sunday in March 1919 with the simple operation of adjusting the hands of the clock. Now do not make any mistake about it for here is the law:

"That at 2 o'clock ante-meridian of the last Sunday in March of each year the standard time of each zone shall be advanced one hour, and at 2 o'clock ante-meridian of the last Sunday in October in each year the standard time of each zone shall, by the retarding of one, be returned to the mean astronomical time of the degree of longitude governing each zone, respectively."

Many hooted the plan to move the hands of the clock but a lot of things have been hooted and the American people like to be shown. Senator William M. Calder of New York, who sponsored the bill in the senate, makes the statement that the Washington Gas Light Company reports the people of than sixty thousand dollars on their tha nsixty thousand dollars on their gas bills. The senator says this indicates a saving of two million dollars to the entire country. Here is what the New York senator thinks of the value of the Daylight Savings Law:

"The Daylight Savings Law has more than fulfilled the prophecies of its advocates. It has really turned one hour of night into day. People live by custom. They rise in the morning by the clock, and go to bed by the clock, so that during the time this law has been in operation a vast majority of the people of this country have been awake one hour more of daylight and asleep one more hour of dark than they were formerly.

"This additional hour of daylight has been most helpful to the men, women and children of the nation who have taken advantage of it to plant war gardens, thereby not only relieving the strain upon the farm but to a very considerable degree tending toward economy in family expenditure. It has also saved too in gas and electric bills not less than ten per cent of the money formerly spent for this purpose. In addition it will during the seven months of operation this year save at least one million tons of coal. It has afforded in the construction of cantonments for our army, in the manufacture of munitions and war supplies of every character and in the building of ships one more hour of daylight for the men engaged in those industries. Without question this bill has been more helpful in the great war work in which this nation is engaged than any other one thing."

One and a quarter millions of tons of coal saved just by turning the clock ahead an hour for seven months. That is the estimate of the United States Fuel Administration of the economy effected by lessening the load on lighting plants through the daylight saving scheme.

Definite reports from St. Louis show a saving of 17.5 tons for each thousand of population, on the seven months' basis. The saving in France for a three and a half months' period was 250,000 tons, which would make a saving of 12.5 tons for each thousand of population in a seven months' period according to the figures of the Fuel Administration.

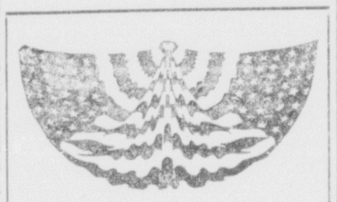
Senator Calder is not alone in realizing what the law has done for the country which by the way is the last great nation in the world to adopt the system. Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the National War Garden Commission, gives a great deal of credit for the great war garden record of 1918 to the Daylight Savings Law. According to estimates by the Commission the war garden crop this year is worth $525,000,000. This is an increase of fifty-one per cent over that of 1917. The Commission's survey shows that 5,285,000 home food producing plots were planted. With 26 working days in each of the seven months you have 182 extra hours of time. If only one ardener worked this extra hour of time in each plot it will be seen that nine hundred and sixty-one million, eight hundred and seventy thousand hours of extra time were added to the country's wealth. Since there are 8,760 hours in a year you find the staggering total of 109,803 years of 24-hour days.

In a working day of 8 hours the real advantage is found by multiplying 109,803 by three, giving 329,409 working or eight-hour-day years. Importance of this extra time cannot be over estimated in the opinion of Mr. Pack. There is to be an army of five million men and as it costs forty cents a day to feed a soldier it will mean that food valued at two million dollars must be found for the army every day. Food and more food "F. O. B. the Kitchen Door" must be planted.

The demonstration garden which the National War Garden Commission established at Camp Dix is a fine example of what can be done. There the soldier boys were up with the sun and took the advantage of the extra hour of daylight to produce food. Lieut. John F. Bonner in charge of the work reports to Capt. E. V. Champlin that crops valued at $25,000 were raised despite a late start. Gen. Hugh L. Scott gave a "harvest luncheon" which was attended by men of the quartermaster's department and the motor transport corps, who evinced the greatest interest in the possibilities of production of food at camps and the resulting relief to the transportation problem.

The good effect of daylight saving was felt by business concerns. The worker has more "pep" for the next day's tasks as a result of getting out from work into daylight.

The person who was in the habit of getting up at seven o'clock got up at seven o'clock just as always and that's all there is to it. So remember that's all there is to the change back. Just turn the clock back when you go to bed on the night of October 26 and then forget it.



With Nodaway Boys Serving The Colors

HUNTING HUNS EXCITING SPORT

Harry Cain Sends Picture of First German He Captured.

Harry Cain, son of L. G. Cain, writes the Democrat-Forum from France as follows:

"I thought you might want to hear from the boys over here and as I have plenty of time will write for some of them from Nodaway county. I do not know where all of them are located, but some are in the 356th regiment. All that I have seen are well and are having the experience of their lives. The Red Cross and the Salvation Army is sure good to us over here and are with us most of the time. As an instance of the heroism of the "Y" men, when we went 'over the top' not long ago, we had not gone far when Fritz opened up on us with his machine guns and we were forced to get down into shell holes to avoid getting mowed down. When we got up to advance again I looked around to see if my squad was all intact and the first one I saw was a 'Y' man. I said 'what in thunder are you doing here.' 'Just distributing some chocolates and tobacco,' he said, as though he had never noticed that we were under the hottest kind of fire. The doctors and nurses are mighty good to the sick and the wounded and the Red Cross women are sure there with their hot chocolate and rolls—you can find them all along the road most any place. I am sending you a photograph that might be of interest. This is the first German I captured. He is standing in front of his 'home.' (A dugout). It sure is some sport hunting boches as you find them in trees and under the ground and in all kinds of places. It is a little more exciting than hunting on the One Hundred and Two. I think there will be a bounty on hunting and killing them before long. It has been cold and rainy the last few days, but it is exciting nevertheless. I was hurt slightly but think I will be out in a few days and with my company again."

MAKING GOOD AT SIXTY-FIVE

Don't worry about old age. A sound man is good at any age. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as hale and hearty and able to "do your bit" as when you were a young fellow.

Affections of the kidneys and bladder are among the leading causes of early or helpless age. Keep them clean and the other organs in working condition, and you will have nothing to fear.

Drive the poisonous wastes from the system and avoid uric acid accumulations. Take GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules periodically and you will find that you are as good as the next fellow. Your spirits will be rejuvenated, your muscles strong and your mind keen enough for any task.

GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will do the work. But be sure to get the original imported GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They are reliable and guaranteed to help you or your money will be refunded. For sale by most druggists. In sealed packages, three sizes. Adv.

To Spend Winter.

Mrs. T. J. Moss left this morning for Clarinda, Ia., where she will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Rogers. Mr. Rogers is in army service.

Returns From St. Joseph.

Mrs. William Helpley returned yesterday from a visit at St. Joseph with her daughter, Mrs. Paul Hatfield.

Old papers for sale at this office.

EMINENT JUDGES SECURED

Noted Cattle Experts Will Make the Awards at American Royal Live Stock Show at Kansas City.

Several of the most eminent men in the entire livestock field in America will come to Kansas City this year to make the awards in the beef breed cattle sections of the American Royal Live Stock Show which will be held at the Kansas City Stock Yards November 16 to 23.

Awards in the Shorthern section will be made by Dean C. F. Curtis, head of the animal husbandry department of the Iowa Agricultural College, Ames, Iowa, one of the most distinguished breeders of Shorthorns in America, and a man who has made the awards in several of the most notable foreign shows from time to time. The state herd of Shorthorn cattle at Ames is one of the best in the union and Dean Curtis, who owns perhaps the finest small Shorthorn herd on his private farm, has made the Ames herd the notable one that it is.

In the Hereford sections the awards will be made by Prof E. A. Trowbridge head of the animal husbandry department of the University of Missouri, College of Agriculture, Columbia, Mo.; Prof. John Burns, of the animal husbandry department of the Agricultural College of Texas, College Station, Tex., and Pro. H. F. Garrigues head of the animal husbandry department of the Agricultural College of Connecticut, Storrs, Conn.

In the Aberdeen-Angus section the wards will be made by John B. Brown, a noted judge of this breed, whose home is at Waterloo, Ia.

TO USE MORE LARGE STAMPS

Will Cause Less Work and Conserve Material and Time Postal Department Advises Public.

Attention of the public is again brought to the request of the postoffice department concerning the use of postage of the largest denomination needed for a letter or parcel. The following notification will be posted in the corridors of the postoffice:

"As a means of economy, postmasters and postoffice employees are directed to encourage the public to use stamps of the highest denomination suited to the amount of postage required on all mail. For example, a 3-cent stamp instead of three 1-cent stamps should be affixed to letters needing 3 cents postage, or a 10-cent stamp instead of five 2-cent stamps should be attached to a parcel requiring 10 cents postage.

"Co-operation between postoffice employees and the public in the sale and use of stamps of the higher denominations will effect a large saving to the government in the cost of producing, transporting and cancelling them, and will benefit the public in minimizing the number of stamps handled and affixed to mail. This benefit will be especially important to business concerns mailing large quantities of letters and parcels."

Don't forget the DeWitt & Son sale to be held near Skidmore, Tuesday October, 22. 19.

HOG SALE AVERAGE OF $103

Poland Chinas From the Chas. J. Gallagher Herd Bring Good Prices. —$255 Is Top Price Paid.

The Chas. J. Gallagher sale of Poland Chinas yesterday recorded an average of $103 a head for the thirty-four animals included in the offering, it being one of the best sales of this breed ever held here. The top price of $255 was paid for a sow, the purchaser being W. O. Garrett. Eight animals brought over $200. Purchasers and prices recorded were as follows:

No. 16 Boar, Roy Lippman, Maryville $130.00.

No. 13 Boar, G. M. McNeill, Graham, $70.00.

No. 1Boar, O. J. Wilhoyt, Maryville, $90.00.

No. 14 Boar, Jesse R. Dowden, Maryville, $62.50.

No. 17 Boar, C. F. Parker, Maryville, $57.50.

No. 18 Boar, I. M. Barnes, Barnard, $55.00.

No. 20 Boar, Thomas Cummins, Maryville, $50.00.

No. 21 Boar, Joseph S. Brunk, Conception Junction, $50.00.

No. 22 Boar, Frank Myers, Maryville, $42.50.

No. 2 Sow, W. O. Garrett, Maryville, $210.00.

No. 3 Sow, W. O. Garrett, Maryville, $235.00.

No. 5 Sow, W. O. Garrett, Maryville, $255.00.

No. 10 Sow, W. O. Garrett, Maryville, $210.00.

No. 9 Sow, W. O. Garrett, Maryville, $227.50.

No. 11 Sow, W. O. Garrett, Maryville, $215.00.

No. 6 Sow, Byron Hanna, Maryville, $205.00.

No. 12 Sow, Byron Hanna, Maryville, $227.50.

No. 7 Sow, Robert Phillips, Sulphur Springs, Texas, $145.00.

No. 8 Sow, F. P. Robinson & Co., Maryville, $160.00.

No. 5 Sow, Joseph S. Brunk, Conception Junction, $85.00.

No. 4 Sow, Joseph S. Brunk, Conception Junction, $102.50.

No. 23 Boar, J. C. White, Maryville, $45.00.

No. 24 Boar, O. M. Gray, Maryville, $35.00.

No. 25 Boar, Otho McDowell, Pickering, $42.50.

No. 19 Boar, W. T. Osborn, Maryville $52.50.

No. 26 Boar, Robinson & Ray, Maryville, $65.00.

No. 27 Boar, J. G. Harbison, Maryville, $50.00.

No. 28 Boar, James Palmer, Maryville, $57.50.

No. 29 Boar, L. A. Stelter, Maryville, $42.50.

No. 30 Boar, W. P. Farnan, Maryville, $35.00.

No. 31 Boar, P. H. Gorman, Maryville, $47.50.

No. 33 Boar, O. M. Gray, Maryville, $35.00.

No. 34 Boar, Fred Hiles, Burlington Junction, $50.00.

No. 36 Boar, C. T. Cox, Maryville, $47.50.

Total of sale $3,490.00.

MARKET REPORTS

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Grain Market Future.

Special to The Democrat-Forum.

Kansas City, Oct. 19.—CORN—Oct., $1.30; November, $1.27⅝; December, $1.23¼.

Kansas City Live Stock

Kansas City, Oct. 19.—CATTLE — Receipts, 3,000; no market.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,500; top, $17.50; bulk, $16.50@$17.25.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Cream, per lb	60c
eggs, per dozen	40c
Spring chickens, per lb	20c
Hides, per lb.	18c
Hens, per pound	20c
Ducks, per lb	12c
Geese, per lb	10c
Old Roosters, per lb.	13c

Ill With Influenza.

E. W. Stephenson is ill with the Spanish influenza at the home of his father, J. M. Stephenson, living two miles east of the city.

THE SISSON LOAN & TITLE CO.

MARYVILLE, MISSOURI

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

Counting Rooms Over Nodaway Valley Bank
Best Terms Ever Offered—See Us.

Combination Sale

To be held on farm 2½ miles northeast of Bolckow, Mo., on

Friday, November 1st

Commencing at 12:30 o'clock
Consisting of—

45 Head of Duroc-Jersey Boars and Gilts

30 BOARS AND 15 GILTS AND
15 HEAD OF REGISTERED JERSEY COWS

A Free Lunch Will be Served at Noon.

Allen & Putman, Auctioneers.
Arthur Thompson, Clerk.

I will be pleased to send catalogue to anyone writing or telephoning for same.

R. L. Hurst

BOLCKOW — — MISSOURI

CLOSING OUT SALE
51-Head of Stock-51

Having sold the farm, we will sell at public sale, at the farm known as the Lee Peter farm, 4 miles east and ½ mile south of Skidmore, commencing at 10 o'clock, on

Tuesday, October 22

The Following Property:

4 HEAD OF HORSES AND MULES—Consisting of 1 span of mare, weight 2600 lbs, broke in all harness; 1 span yearling mules, sound.

4 HEAD OF CATTLE—Consisting of 2 milch cows, one a roan Shorthorn, the other a Jersey; 2 suckling calves.

43 HEAD OF HOGS—Consisting of 4 brood sows, 3 with pigs by side, the other to farrow soon; 20 head of good stock hogs, weight from 85 to 175 lbs.

11 or 12 dozens chickens, most all this year's pullets.

About 10 tons Hay—Alfalfa and wild hay; 85 shocks fodder; about 20 acres blue grass pasture; 15 acres of corn in field; 50 bushels oats; a few bushels of old corn.

IMPLEMENTS—2 wagons, 1 hay rack, 2 sets good work harness, 1 set single harness, 1 single buggy, 1 riding cultivator, 1 stirring plow, 1 five-tooth plow, 1 mowing machine, 1 good saddle and other things too numerous to mention. Most of these implements are as good as new.

TERMS—$10 and under, cash. On sums over $10 a credit of six months will be given, purchaser giving bankable note with interest at 8 per cent from date. No proeprty to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

M. Dewitt and Son

A. C. MANIFOLD, Auct. W. S. LINVILLE, Clerk.
Lunch by Class No. 2 of the M. E. South Sunday School.

Closing Out Sale!

We will sell at the farm four miles southwest of Ravenwood and 3½ miles northwest of Conception Junction, on

Wednesday, October 23rd

Beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. the following described property, to-wit:

391 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK

18 HEAD OF HORSES AND MULES—1 pair 1 and 2 year old mules; 1 pair of mules 4 years old; one sorrel mare 11 years old; 1 black mare 9 years old; 1 sorrel mare 4 years old; 1 bay mare 6 years old; 1 pair horses 6 and 7 years old; 3 coming 2 year old colts; 1 spotted pony 3 years old; 1 sorrel horse 4 years old; 1 bay horse 3 years old; 4 suckling colts.

61 HEAD OF GOOD CATTLE—20 head of Angus cows; 7 coming 2 year old Angus heifers; 5 roan heifers; 5 red cows; 1 registered bull; 24 head of early spring calves, good ones.

311 HEAD OF HOGS, all good—280 head of stock hogs; 30 head of tried brood sows; 1 male hog.

QUANTITY OF FEED, STALK FIELD and GRASS—1500 bushels of oats, 600 bushels of rye, about 200 bushels of barley; about 600 bushels of old corn; about 3000 bushels of new corn (sample of corn day of sale); 135 acre stalk field and 40 acres of grass.

LOT OF FARM IMPLEMENTS—Hay stacker and bull rakes; 1 corn binder; 1 mowing machine; 1 hay rake; 1 harrow; 1 4 horse gasoline engine; 1 16 inch sod plow; 2 disc harrows; 3 cultivators; 1 bob sled; 2 sets of chain harness; 1 corn planter; 1 end gate seeder.

LUNCH served on ground by Ravenwood Red Cross Chapter.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums of $20 and under, cash. Over that amount 3, 6 and 9 months time given with bankable note bearing 8 per cent interest from date. Nothing to be removed till terms of sale have been complied with.

Col. Chas. Evans, Auct.
John Richey, Clerk.

Ray Bros. & Robinson

Public Sale

I will sell at public auction on farm 3 miles northeast of Barnard, 15 miles southeast of Maryville and 30 miles north of St. Joseph, on

Tuesday, October 22

beginning at 1 p. m.

22 HEAD OF CATTLE—4 head of yearling and 2 year old registered Shorthorn bulls, color red and roan; 3 head of spring bull calves. These bulls are all sired by Merry Marshal 428550; 8 head of grade Shorthorn cows, 6 spring calves, 2 yearling steers.

40 HEAD OF HOGS—12 registered Duroc-Jersey April boars, 10 head of registered Duroc-Jersey April gilts. These hogs are all sired by Red Jersey 253231 Vol. 57, 2 head registered tried sows. These sows were bred Aug. 6 and 7 to Wonder Lad 267449, Vol. 59, 16 head of stock hogs.

4 HEAD OF HORSES—1 eight year old registered Percheron mare, 1 six year old mare, 1 8 year old horse. These are good draft horses. 1 three year old saddle mare.

About 400 or 500 bushels of wheat.

Come early and look this stock over before the sale. LUNCH served promptly at 12 o'clock.

TERMS—CASH or its equivalent. The "equivalent" may be arranged for through Barnard State Bank, who will clerk the sale.

Write for a catalogue.

Col. W. D. Gibson, Auct.
R. P. Hosmer, Auct.

Oren N. Lanning